

## Key information about the home

There are variations of shared ownership models which have different features. The model of shared ownership may vary depending on:

- what rules were in place at the time the home was funded or planning permission granted
- where the home is located
- whether the home is for a specific group of people

The table below highlights the key features of common shared ownership schemes. The information in this document is for the **standard model shared ownership**.

Shared ownership model	Older model shared ownership	Standard model shared ownership	New model shared ownership
<b>Minimum initial share</b>	25%	25%	10%
<b>Lease length</b>	Typically, leases were issued for 99 years from new	Leases are for a minimum of 99 years from new but typically at least 125 years	Leases will be for a minimum of 990 years from new
<b>Initial repair period</b>	No	No	Yes
<b>Buying more shares - minimum purchase</b>	10% or 25%	10%	5%
<b>1% share purchase</b>	No	No	Yes
<b>Landlord's nomination period</b>	8 weeks or 12 weeks	8 weeks	4 weeks

When you are looking for shared ownership homes, you should always check the Key Information Document to see which model covers that specific home.

When you buy a home through shared ownership, you enter into a shared ownership lease. The lease is a legal agreement between you (the 'leaseholder') and the landlord. It sets out the rights and responsibilities of both parties.

Before committing to buy a shared ownership property, you should take independent legal and financial advice.

This key information document is to help you decide if shared ownership is right for you. You should read this document carefully so that you understand what you are buying, and then keep it safe for future reference. This document 'Key information about the home' is a summary and you should consider the information in 'Summary of costs' and 'Guide to shared ownership' before making a decision.

This does not form part of the lease. You should carefully consider the information and the accompanying lease and discuss any issues with your legal adviser before signing the lease.

Failure to pay your rent, service charge, or mortgage could mean your home is at risk of repossession. The costs in this document are the costs as at the date issued. These will increase (typically on an annual basis) and you should take financial advice on whether this will be sustainable for you.

## Property Details

### Address

### Plot Numbers

### Property type

### Scheme *(State the home ownership scheme)*

Full market value

### Share Purchase Price and Rent Examples

The share purchase price is calculated using the 'full market value' and the 'percentage share purchased'.

If you buy a  % share

the share purchase price will be

and the rent will be  a month.

If you buy a larger share, you'll pay less rent. The table below shows further examples.

Share	Share Purchase Price	Monthly Rent
25%		
30%		
40%		
50%		
60%		
70%		
75%		

The percentage share and rent amount will change depending on the amount you can afford. You'll receive a worked example after a financial assessment.

Your annual rent is calculated as  % of the remaining share of the full market value owned by the landlord.

### Monthly payment to the landlord

In addition to the rent above, the monthly payment to the landlord includes:

Ground rent	<input type="text"/>
Estate charge	<input type="text"/>
Buildings insurance	<input type="text"/>
Management fee	<input type="text"/>
Reserve fund payment	<input type="text"/>
Total monthly payment excluding rent	<input type="text"/>

The reservation fee secures the home for  days.

If you buy the home, the fee will be taken off the final amount you pay on completion. If you do not buy the home, the fee; is  is not  refundable.

### Eligibility

To assess your eligibility, you'll need to register with a Help to Buy agent.

Your household income is  or less

You cannot afford all of the deposit and mortgage payments to buy a home that meets your needs

### Eligibility *(continued)*

One of the following must also be true:

- you're a first-time buyer
- you used to own a home but cannot afford to buy one now
- you're forming a new household - for example, after a relationship breakdown
- you're an existing shared owner, and you want to move
- you own a home and want to move but cannot afford to buy a new home for your needs

If you own a home, you must have completed the sale of the home on or before the date you complete your shared ownership purchase.

As part of your application, your finances and credit history will be assessed to ensure that you can afford and sustain the rental and mortgage payments.

Does local connection apply?    Yes     No

If Yes, what is the local authority name

### Tenure

Leasehold

### Lease type

### Lease term

For more information, see section 2.5, 'Lease extensions', in the 'Key information about shared ownership' document.

### Maximum share you can own

You can buy up to  % of your home.

### Transfer of freehold

- At 100% ownership, the freehold will transfer to you.
- At 100% ownership, the freehold will not transfer to you because
- (for flats) At 100% ownership, the leasehold title remains in your name but your shared ownership obligations fall away.

### Landlord

Organisation's name:

Hyde Housing Association

Organisation's full address:

30 Park Street, London, SE1 9EQ

Under a shared ownership lease, you pay for a percentage share of the market value of a home. You enter into a lease agreement with the landlord and agree to pay rent to the landlord on the remaining share.

### Landlord's nomination period

When you give the landlord notice that you intend to sell your share in your home, the landlord has 8 weeks to find a buyer. The landlord may offer to buy back your share, but only in exceptional circumstances and if they have funds available. If they do not find a buyer within 8 weeks, you can sell your share yourself on the open market. For example, through an estate agent.

### Pets

Please visit The Hyde Group's website for our policy on keeping pets [Homeowners | The Hyde Group \(hydehousing.co.uk\)](https://www.hydehousing.co.uk)

## Subletting

You can rent out a room in the home, but you must live there at the same time.

You cannot sublet (rent out) your entire home unless you either:

- own a 100% share; or
- have your landlord's permission which they will only give in exceptional circumstances (see section 1.5 in 'Key information about shared ownership' document)

and

- have your mortgage lender's permission if you have a mortgage

Please visit Hyde's website with further information on subletting a shared ownership home at

[Homeowners | The Hyde Group \(hyde-housing.co.uk\)](https://www.hyde-housing.co.uk/homeowners)

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